A Perfect Cup of Coffee Every Morning No "ifs" or "buts"

We offer you more than good coffee, skilfully blended and roasted. We know that the best coffee can be spoiled in the making.

We give you the means of guaranteeing yourself a good cup of coffee every morning of your life, because it will be well made if you

H. & K. Coffee Maker.

vance of the most expensive French coffee-making machine-and

so simple and practical that no one can make a mistake with it.

In every can of H. & K. Coffee at 3 lbs. for \$1.00 (incidentally the best coffee you can get) is a small bundle of specially prepared Japanese fibre papers. A fresh paper is used every time coffee is made-no boiling old sacks and strainers. This paper, through which the liquid percolates, allows none of the strength or aroma to escape. In each 1; 2 and 3 lb. can there is also a coupon. This coupon and 50 cents entitles the holder to the H. & K.



Coffee Maker, without further expense, at any grocer's handling this brand. Fresh fibre papers in every

If you have any difficulty in securing it, write or telephone Main 857.

Always best in the can-Now best in the cup.

Hanley & Kinsella Geffee & Spice Co. ST. LOUIS.



STABBED UNDER LEFT ARM.

Fitzgerald Seriously Wounded in Graders' Camp. James Fitzgerald, a grader, living in a contractor's camp about 800 west, on the outskirts of North St Louis, is at the City Hospital, suffering from a severe wound under the left arm.

Fitsgerald, it is said, quarreled with Fatrick Fox, a fellow worker, and was stabled. Hespital physicians pronounce the wound dangerous.

Falls Into Cellar Through Coal Hole. Peter J. Mundy, to years old, of No. 49 Market street, fell into a coal hole yesterday morning at Broadway and Chestnut street and sustlaned a wrenched knee and elbow. Muncy stepped on an iron covering, which flew open. He landed in the basement.

MAY INDICT HEAD OF BIG CONCERN

Federal Grand Jury to Meet Thursday and Investigate \$1,000,000 Enterprise.

BURTON CASE IS UP AGAIN

Alfred Stanton, Held for Writing to Women, Says His Arrest May Kill Him.

It is believed at the Federal building that the Grand Jury which is to convene there Thursday will indict the head of a million-dollar Bt. Louis concern.

Chief Postal inspector Robert M. Fulton refuses to discuss the matter, but from facts gleaned from a source which is considered authentic. Mr. Fulton and his assistants have been working diligently on the matter for several weeks. The results of their investigation will be placed before the Grand Jury Thursday and it is said that the evidence is sufficient to warrant an indictment.

Postmaster Wyman, his assistant and the postal inspectors have been closeted together daily, and on several occasions the body has proceeded to the office of United States District Attorney Dyer, where another conference took place.

The charges against Senator Joseph Ralph Burton in connection with alleged get-rich-quick concerns will be taken up.

The case of Francis B. Runder, former cashier of the Post Office, who was recently arrested on a charge of embessling postal funds, and that of Dixle Tuttle of Mexico, Mo., who is charged with sending improper letters through the mails, will be considered by the Grand Jury.

STANTON CASE.

Alfred Stanton of No. 3144 Office street, who was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal J. J. Williams, had a pr-liminary hearing before Commissioner Gray vesterday and was held for the Grand Jury under \$1,000 bond.

After the hearing Stanton stated that he had been suffering from heart treuble several years, and he was confident that the excitement surrounding his arrest would cause his death.

He is charged with sending peculiar letters to women, principally brides. He admits the charges preferred against him, but says the letters were worded in such a manner that he had not violated the postal laws.

There are many cases similar to that of Stanton which will be acted upon by

a manner that he had not violated the postal laws.

There are many cases similar to that of Stanton, which will be acted upon by the Grand Jury. The number of cases of like importance is said to be larger than ever before.

DIXIE TUTTLE'S CASE TO BE CALLED THURSDAY

The case of Dixie Tuttle, charged with improper use of the mails, which was set for a hearing in the Federal Court here yesterday, was postponed until Thursday, when the Grand Jury will convene.

KILLS HIMSELF AFTER ADIEU Young Man Had Just Bidden Girl

Farewell for Night. After bidding farewell for the night to Miss Kate Burns at No. 633 Edmunds avenue, Lucien Eckhardt, 21 years old, of No. 1519 South Eleventh street, fired a bullet into his breast, in the rear of the Burns home, near midnight, and died soon afterwards. No cause is ascribed for the suicide. Miss Burns said early this morning that

Miss Burns said early this morning that the young man left her presence apparently in the best of spirits. She was attracted by the sound of the shot and rushed to the rear of her home, finding Eckhardt lying in a pool of blood. He died soon afterwards, without making a statement.

The would was from a 25-caliber revolver, which was found at the young man's side.

SEEKING BOY'S PARENTAGE. Edward J. Emerick Asks Police

to Aid Adopted Son. Edward J. Emerick, residing in the rear of No. 769 Marion street, has written to the Chief of Police of Cincinnati asking the parentage of his adopted son, Joseph Emerick, who was taken from a Cincin-nati Orphan's Home by the foster father seven years ago seven years ago is 15 years old, has be-come interested in his parentage, and Mr. Emerich, when seen last night, following a dispatch from Cincinnati, stated that the inquiry was merely to please his adopted son.

REVOLVER FIRED FIRST.

George Hamersmith Stampedes Would-Be Negro Highwayman. Before the muzzle of a revolver, which was pointed at his head at midnight yesterday. George Hamersmith, a saloonkeeper at Newstead and Maffitt avenues, reached under the bar and drew his own weapon, firing three shots at a negro who had demanded his money. who had demanded his money.

The negro escaped through a rear door of the saloon, and it is not known whether the shots took effect, as there were no traces of blood.

The negro had entered the saloon and ordered drinks. As Hamersmith turned to the saloon had been a saloon to the saloon and ordered drinks.

serve him he faced a revolver leveled at

MRS. MARY J. WAGGOVER DEAD. Was Member of Well-Known Central Illinois Family.

Mrs. Mary J Waggoner, To years old, the widow of Henry Waggoner, died early vesterday morning at her home near Godrey. Her husband was a member of the famous Waggoner family of Central Illinois, Seven children survive—Mrs. Mattle Cain of Fidelity, Ill.; Mrs. M. Gantlin of Delht, Ill., and Misses Irene and Deborah Waggoner of Godfrey, Ill.; Mrs. Darlington of Brighton, Ill.; Lathey Waggoner of Upper Alton, and John Waggoner of East St. Louis. ton of Brighton, Ill.; Lathey Waggoner of Upper Alton, and John Waggoner of East St Louis.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock at the home, and the Reverend Doctor Calloway Nash of Jerseyville will officiate.

This is what the doctor said

"Mest Physics are Dangerous." A good loctor is particular about the medicines he prescribes, and, therefore, he never allows his tient to take any physic that makes him week. A physic that leaves e week does great harm to the muscles ly q along the walls of the stomach, bowels d intestines. Such a physic so shocks the me was that they cannot soon recover their strength and therefore a case of constipation is developed. The bowels must be cleansed again before the muscles have regained sufficient strength to do so voluntarily, and so another and stronger dose of the physic must be taken. This forms what is known as the "Physic Habit."

Dr. Caldwelli Sgrup Pepsin a safe physic because it so strengthens the howel muscles that they can perform their functions without any further aid. This great remedy has unequaled tonic properties which gives great strength to all parts of the stomach,

reb and intestines. A dose will give an excellent bowel mo efresh and give scrength to the patient that he will soon be able to get along without any medicine whatever.

All druggists sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at 50c and \$1.00 a bertle.

Pepein Syrup Co.

Monticello, Ill.

ST, LOUIS CAPITAL ANTICIPATES EASTERNERS' TARDY DISCOVERY

Minerals Which New York and New Jersey Men Have Just Learned Exist in Washington County Already Being Taken Out Through St. Louis Energy-Statement Made That Product of One Mineral Alone Will Be Ten Million Tons.

They have just begun in the East to hear that there are minerals in Washington County, and with visions of what Joplin has done, Eastern capital is being invested in land around Potosi, where there are lead, sinc and baryts. Eastern capital appears to have been slow to learn of the activity which has prevailed in Washington County at a point not over fity-eight miles from St. Louis since early last spring, when a St. Louis company began operations there. This company is the American Lead and Baryta Company, in which many well-known St. Louisans are interested.

The president of the company is John Morton, who in addition is president of two Joplin mining companies. Mr. Morton, when seen at the Euckingham Hotel regarding the visit of William Maye Atkinson of Newark, N. J., to St. Louis to sease, on behalf of himself and New York parties, a tract of lead land near Potosi to a developing syndicate, said:

"It is natural that St. Louis parties thould have Alignous the possibilities."

ties, a tract of lead land near Potosi to a developing syndicate, said:

"It is natural that St. Louis parties should have discovered the possibilities existing in Washington County in advance of New Yorkers, when the great mineral wealth of that county lies practically at our doors, being less than sixty miles from St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific Railroad. The company of which I am president, the American Lead and Barvia Company, owns 26,99 acres of mineral lands lying in and around Potosi. Old Mines, Cadet and Mineral Point. We began its development early last spring and have made very good progress. It is necessary first to clear the timber from the tract, and as there are 100,000,000 feet of yellow pine, oak and other woods on the tract, three saw mills have been installed and are now in operation at a profit on the lumber alone of nearly \$1,000 a month for each mill.

"Of baryta, we estimate there are over 10,000,000 tons, said to be 17 per cent of all the baryta in the United States. We have taken cut and now have on siding 5,000 lons for present market. We have 2,000 acres of improved farm lands that are worth \$50 am acre, and on them at present are 123 farmer tenants, giving the company from \$2,50 to \$6,00 per acre profit on a one-third share for rent basis. Besides the lead, which we have just begun to mine, the company owns 200 houses, stores, city lots, merchandise and personal property worth \$300,000. Without

counting the lead and sinc, a conservative estimate of the value of its baryia, lumber, farms, lois and other property would be in excess of 19,800.00. The company is expitalized at \$1,500,000. Of which \$1,500.00 is preferred and \$2,500,000 common stock. None of the common stock has ever been offered for sale, and only a limited amount of preferred is being sold."

The price of lead and sinc, Mr. Morton said, was the highest ever reached by these minerals on a gold basis in the history of the country, and it was presumed to be due to the fact that the general development of the country called for a greater quantity of these commodities than the mines produced. Any new lead or sinc deposits were, therefore, welcomed as the demand was greater than the supply. The Washington County lead in sight at present, he said, was surface lead, and it was on the land in great abundance, but drillings had made the officers of the company believe that disseminated or vein lead also existed under the land, and while the price of lead was still high, the company had determined to take time by the forelock and install the requisite machinery for deep-mine development.

Speaking of the money that had been made by the two Joo'lin companies, the Consolidated Troup Mining and the Mercantile Metal and Milling Company, Mr. Morton said:

"The great wealth to be taken out of the soil in lead and zinc is indicated in the product of the mines of these two companies have been \$1,075.579.32, and the dividends ruid on stock, \$550.56.29. The forticth dividend on stock, \$550.56.29. The forticth dividend on stock is the stock of the company operating in Washington County is held mostly in St. Louis, that of the two Jopilin companies is held largely in the East, and the remarkable profitableness of their investment is bringing prominently before Easterners the resources of Missouri."

Mr. Morton said he had great faith in the mineral and agricultural resources of Missouri."

Mr. Morton said he had great faith in the mineral and agricultural resou

U. S. SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS MISSOURI 8-HOUR MINING LAW

Statute Attacked by Harry J. Cantwell of St. Louis Sustained as Constitutional by Federal Tribunal—Similar Ruling to That in Utah Case-Measure Was Attacked as Contrary to Fourteenth Amendment and Like Provision in State Constitution-Motives of Legislature in Passing Bill Not Taken Into Consideration by State Court.

MANY LABORERS OF SOUTHEAST MISSOURI ARE AFFECTED.

Wyatt Building, 14th and P Streets.

Wyatt Building, 1sth and F Streeta.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day sustained the eight-hour mining law of Missouri, the constitutionality of which was attacked by Harry J. Cantwell of St. Luis.

The decision of the court was announced from the bench by Chief Justice Fuller, affirming the action of the Missouri courts with costs.

No opinion was rendered, either verbal or written, though it is understood that an opinion will be filed in a few days.

The action of the court was unusually prompt. Only last Friday Mr. Cantwell, on his own behalf, and N. T. Gentry, Assistant Attorney General of Missouri, on behalf of the State, argued the case before the court. Evidently there was no hesitancy among the Justices in coming to a conclusion. EIGHT-HOUR BAKER'S LAW

KNOCKED OUT BY COURT.

The decision will undoubtedly have important results in strengthening agitations in other States for eight-hour labor laws. When the Supreme Court last spring knocked out the eight-hour bakers' law of New York, the action was generally taken to mean the establishment of a Federal bar to legislation of the kind.

The Supreme Court, however, does not find the Missouri case parallel to the New York case, but, on the contrary, it followed the case of Holden vs. Hardy, in which the Supreme Court upheld the eight-hour mining law of Utah.

Missouri's eight-hour law was passed by the Legislature in 1901. H. J. Cantwell of St. Louis, being interested in the Catherine Lead Company, and representing other lead-mining interests in the Southeast Missouri district, undertook to test the law.

TRIED AND CONVICTED IN CIRCUIT COURT OF DISTRICT

He worked his men on the ten-hour scale, and was promptly prosecuted and convicted in the Circuit Court of his dis-

ROOSEVELT CANNOT HELP RUSSIAN JEWS. TELEGRAPH NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

President Decides Conditions Do Not Permit American Intervention.

Washington, Nov. 6-President Roose-veit has decided that no action can be taken by this Government at present which will be of any benefit to the Jews of Russia of Russia.

This information was made public at the White House to-day in the following statement:

"Oscar Straus called on the President this morning, not to ask him for action, but to consult with him as to whether there was any possibility of action which would result in a cossation of the horrors connected with the massacre of the Jews in Russia.

"The President stated that, of course, he had been watching with the deepest concern the reports of these massagres; that he had been appealed to within the last few weeks to try to take some action, not only on behalf of the Jews in Russia, but on behalf of the Armentans. Poles and Finns.

Poles and Finns.

The result of the President's inquiries coincides with statements contained in a cablegram from Count Witte to Jacob H. Schiff, shown the President by Mr. Straus, as follows: The Government is horrified at these outrages. You know that I do not sympathize with such savage outbreaks. All I can do to stop the disorders is done, but as the country is in such an unsettled state, the authorities are often powerless.

"In the conditions of local disorder

"In the conditions of local disorder which actually exist in Russia, the President does not see that any action can be taken by this Government at present which will be of any benefit to the unfortunate sufferers for whom we feel such keen sympathy."

HALF SIZES THE LATEST. Browning, King & Co. Make Innovation in Men's Wear.

novation in Men's Wear.

The introduction of half sizes in ready-made clothing by Browning. King & Co. is one of the fall season's innovations in St. Louis.

Browning. King & Co. are the first to introduce the half sizes in ready-made men's clothing, and the idea has created much comment among the stylemakers in New York and other Eastern cities.

Browning. King & Co., according to Dastern report, have been at work on half sizes for upwards of a year. It was the intention to bring out the new idea has spring, but the company was unable to get its goods in shape.

With the opening of the fall season, however, the half size men's wear was put on sale in all the Browning. King & Co. stores throughout the United States.

The advantage in the new scheme of sizes is to enable the clothier to fit any shape of man and produce a decidedly tallion-made effect in chothes. The innovation is heartily approved at the St. Louis store, where the fall business is surpassing that of previous years and reaching an enormous volume.

Gold watches, 25 per cent off regular prices. AT MERMOD, JACCARD & KING'S. See ad on page M. Broadway, cor. Locust.

Upon appeal the Supreme Court of Missouri upheld the validity of the law, denying it was in violation, either of the Federal Constitution or the State Constitu-

eral Constitution or the State Constitution.

Mr. Cantwell appealed to the United
States Supreme Court on four certifications of error. His first and principal argument was that the law was not consonant with the Fourteenth Amendment to
the United States Constitution, which declares hat "all persons have the natural
right to life, liberty and the enjoyment
of the gains of their own industry."

The second assignment of error declared
that the act was in violation of the similar
provision of the State Constitution, TRIAL JUDGE RULED OUT EVIDENCE ON MINE WORK.

EVIDENCE ON MINE WORK.

Third, the law was condemned as special legislation. The fourth reason given was based on the fact that evidence which Mr. Cantwell desired to submit to the Circuit Court tending to show that mining was not so injurious as to require only eight hours' work a day, was ruled out by the Judge, whose ruling was sustained by the Missouri Supreme Court.

The Missouri Supreme Court held that there would be no justification in going into the motives of the Legislature.

The refusal, the appellant stated, violated the section of the Missouri Constitution reading, "that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law."

CASE HINGED ENTIRELY ON

CASE HINGED ENTIRELY OF CONSTRUCTION OF UTAH CASE.

Mr. Cantwell argued that the decision, which made the Legislature final judge as to proper subjects for the exercise of the police power of the State, does not provide the "due process of law" within the meaning of the Missouri Constitution.

However, the case hinged entirely on the construction to be placed upon the Holden-Hardy case from Utah. Cantwell's brief dealt, at length with this decision in the effort to show that many points of difference exist between the Missouri and Utah laws.

CARTHAGE MO.—The Certhage stone cutters: strike is on. They demand a raise in wages from \$4 to \$4.50. BERLIN-Emperor William is sending to the Emperor of Japan a present of six black stallions from his stud farm. LITTLE ROCK, ARK—Henjamin Bratton of Marshall, 98 years old, was killed by a train on the St. Louis and North Arkansas Railroad at Lesie. at Lewise.

ARCOLA, ILL.—Mrs. P. J. Sears, while cleaning a window at her home in Arthur, fell from a stepladder and broke her neck. She died instantly. instantly.

OMAHA—Four greproof floors of a new sixstory building being constructed at Sixteenth
and Douglass streets, collapsed, killing Albert
Lumpkin and James McNamars.

PADUCAH, KY.—The city, county and legislative campaign has closed with a big Democratic raily in the city. The campaign has
been one of the hottest ever waged.

WASHINGTON—Chief Justice Puller appearance. been one of the hottest ever waged.

WASHINGTON—Chief Justice Fuller announces that the Supreme Court of the United States will take a forthight's recess from next Monday, convening again on the 7th instant.

PEORIA, ILL—An epidemic of diphtheria in Richwoods Township has caused the closing of the Loucks School. Nineteen cases are reported and nearly half of the students are sick.

WASHINGTON—Chairman Shouts of the 1sth-mian Canal Commission has so far recevered from his recent indisposition as to be able to resume actively his duties. He is now in New York. Nork.

WASHINGTON—Margaret Mclivaine, E years
old charwoman in the Stale, War and Navy
building, was crushed to death in an elevator
at the door of the office of the Secretary of
the Navy.

ine Navy.

MINEOLA, L. I.—Gertrude O'Hara, 18, whose father, Patrick O'Hara, was murdered near here last August, told the police to-day that her sweetheart, Cieveland Poule, killed her father. GRAYVILLE, ILL.—The Reverend L. J. Haw-kins, formerly master of the Cumberland Pros-byterian Church here, has been installed pa-ter of the Presbyterian churches of Bridgeport, Figs and Wabash, in Lawrence and Wabash counties

COUNTIES.

DUBLIQUE IA.—Doctor Fred Hancock, attending physician to former speaker Pavid Henderson, who is suffering from an attack of parents, states that the patients condition is unchanged from that of the last few months. His renoval to the hospital from the hotel was simply a matter, of convenience.

was simply a matter of convenience.

CLEVELAND—Athert M. Darwin, a prisoner at the county juli, charged with the murder of Mrs. Anna Gray of Joliet, Ill., committed salicide in his call by hanging. Larwin sloped with Mrs. Gray from Joliet several months ago, the comple going to Akron, O. Later they came to this city. When the woman decided to return to her husband and children she was shot and killed by Darwin.

NEW YORK—A domurror which the Moreantile Trust Company recently interposed in the cut of John W. Toxing, against his comigany was sustained by Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court. Mr. Young brought action to moure an accounting in equity of \$80.0000 worth of the eccurities of the United States Ship Building Company, which he clulined hate Ship Building Company, which he clulined he had deposited with the vendors of the various subsidiary properties of the Ship Building Company.

TWO KILLED IN COLLISION.

Passenger Train Strikes Street Car at Chicago Crossing.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—By the collision of a Grand Trunk passenger train and a street car, which was crossing the Grand Trunk tracks, to-day, two persons were killed and three periously injured.



VAN-CAMP "CREAM OF **VEGETABLES."**

HADE of Thackersy!"— that's a Soup would make "Old Titmarsh" long to be earth again for some "glorious gormandising."

Ite rich, piquant, pungent, creamy taste comes emaching to one's lip long after, at mere memory of its bewitching haunting aroma.

No mere flavored bot water is this—with a spoonful of Beef Extract, or left-over Mest Stock added, to bribe the palate but fool the stopach out of the nutrition due it.

And, no insipid Purce, either; with its flat and tasteless starchy filling.

This is a stalwart Soup, with plenty of backbone to it—a real Food—note bluff. The backbone, and nutrition, is supplied by the rich, beavy, full-flavored Van Camp Cream that is its soul and essence and foundation.

Add to this the Eggs, the Butter, and the delicious blending of Pepper-corns, Cloves, Parsley, Celery, Thyme, Carrot and Onion and you have a soup that ravishes the palate; rouses the appetite; sets the Digestive Juices flowing and leaves a pleasant memory behind it.

Yet it is an easy soup to make, in emergencies, from supplies that should be found in every larder. And it's so cheap that you can serve enough of it for air people at a cost of 12 cents, or 2 cents a plate. No meat in it as you'll see by the recipe below.

Van Camp Cream costs only about half the price of fresh Cream from the Milkman, and it comes to you sterilised, in sealed tind, so that it heeps for years till you want to use it.

But, don't confuse it with that caricature called "Condensed Milh" which is half sugar, half stale milk, tastes like "Pap" and looks like Arle Grease.

Van Camp Cream is just rich Cream and Milk with two-thirds of the Water drawn out of it, two hours after coming from the cow. It is then sterilized by Heat and Cold, till not a living Germ is left in it, to Sour the milk, or to carry Disease.

Nothing added to it. Nothing taken out but the Water, and the dangerous Germ life.

No Sugar, Cornstarch, Formaldebyde, nor other drugs added to preserve it.

Van Camp Cream is twice as thick as ordinary fresh cream, fuller flavored, and more nutritious.

Because, it has not only all the Butter-fat but all the other muscle-making parts of Whele

Milk as well.

These are needed to make it digestible, and to supply the full Creamy Almond flavor.

No expensive fresh cream, can compare with Van Camp Sterilized Cream, for Codies, Tea,

Cooking, Soups, Gravies, Pastry, etc.

For Oy, ter Stews it is incomparable, and for the 40 dishes described in the clever Cook

Book called "Var. Camp Delicious Cream Dishes," which will be sent free, on request, from

Van Camp Packing Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Van Camp Cream is sold by Grocers in Tina, about pint size, at 10 cents each.

It should be bought by the case, however, vis:—48 tins for \$4.50, or about 9 cents each.

A case will keep for years in your pantry and it is always ready for instant use in any way

that fresh Milk or Cream can be used.

that fresh Milk or Cream can be used

that fresh Milk or Cream can be used.

What it adds to your Grocer's bill, it more than seves on your Milkman's bill, and it also saves on your Butcher's bill.

Because, Van Camp Cream supplies three times as much nutriment, per dollar of cost, as does Beef-and it makes waste scraps of meat into cheap, but very enticing dishes.

Get a case of Van Camp Cream today, from Grocer. Send it back if you don't like it, and pay him 10 cents a can for what you used.

Don't fail to make today some Van Camp

Don't fail to make today some Van Camp "Cream of Vegetable" Soup from the following RECIPE:

To serve ais secolo .13 and only to make a half a butter, or fat from the top of the and softened, then stir in one-t



FINE STAYED FOR VERACITY.

Chauffeur for Martin Shaughnessy Admits Speeding Too Fast. Steven Goby, a chauffeur for Martin Shaughnessy, was fined 410 in the First Datrict Police Court yesterday by Judge Tracy, and because he told the truth his free was stayed Goby only had to pay the coars of the .eq.1 proceedings against him. Goby was arrested for exceeding the speed limit. When Judge Tracy asked him how fast he was running his machine when the "skidoodle wagon" overtook him he said "eighteen miles an hour." Judge Tracy looked at the accused man, and informed him that his testimoy was refresh-

ing. All the chauffeurs that have been arraigned in the Police Court were not so frank in admitting their guilt. Judge Tracy fined them \$55 each, which they had to pay. He thought he would encourage truthful evidence, and he fined Goby, and stayed the fine.

HELD AT MOTHER'S REQUEST.

Solon Grant Under Observation at the City Hospital.

Solon Grant, 25 years old, the son of Mrs. E. Morgan, a widow, of No. 4341 West Belle place, is detained in the observation ward at the City Hospital.

manner recently, so his mother told the City Dispensary physicians, and she asked that he be sent to the City Hospital. Mrs. Morgan had begun to fear her son.

Revokes Saloonkeeper's License. Excise Commissioner Muivibil yester-day ordered the Beesse of Henry Krause, who keeps a saloon at No. 1785 South Seventh arrest, revoked, to go into effect three days after the order. Krause is charged with having violated the Sunday closing law. Grant has been acting in an unnatural

WHAT JOY THEY BRING To EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play-when in health-and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which bey should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant, medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy. Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company-California Fig Syrup Co.-plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fall to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.